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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/538,578	06/15/2005	Xavier Pruvost	FR 020141	9002
65913 NXP, B.V.	7590 11/16/2007	EXAMINER		
NXP INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT			HU, RUI MENG	
· · · ·	M/S41-SJ 1109 MCKAY DRIVE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN JOSE, CA 95131			2618	
			<u> </u>	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/16/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/538,578	PRUVOST ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		RuiMeng Hu	2618			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAISIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period varie to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may vill apply and will expire SIX (6) M , cause the application to become	ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 O	<u>ctober 2007</u> .				
2a)	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4) 🖾	4) Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)🖂	6) Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers		,			
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) 🗌 objected t	o by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawi	ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
		or the cortined copies to				
Attachmen	ıt(s)					
1) Notice	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Summary (PTO-413)			
· =	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application			
· -	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other: _	• •			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1-3 and 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raynaud et al. (US Patent 5430410) in view of Kiyohiro (JP 06232665).

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Consider **claim 1**, Raynaud et al. clearly disclose a regulating system for regulating, with respect to a reference level (*figure 1*, *Vref*), the amplitude level of an amplified signal produced by an amplifier (*figure 4*, *means 11*, *column 3 lines 49-53*), said regulating system comprising: attenuation circuitry (*figure 1*, *means 12*) for generating an attenuated signal (*figure 1*, *output of means 12*) from said amplified signal according to a programmable attenuation factor (*column 2*, *lines 4-7*, *column 3 lines 30-32*, *38-48*, *60-64*), and conversion circuitry (*figure 1*, *diode detector 15*, *column 4 lines 5-10*) for converting said attenuated signal in order to generate an output signal (*figure 1*, *Vd*) for comparison with said reference level (*Vref*), a comparator (figure 4, comparator 16) for forming a difference signal between said output signal and said reference signal (figure 4, V_ref); and means for directly controlling (figure 4, control signal V_p) the amplitude level of the amplified signal using the difference signal.

However, Raynaud et al. fail to disclose wherein said conversion circuitry generates said output signal with a level proportional to the square of the effective value of said attenuated signal.

In the same field of endeavor, Kiyohiro discloses a gain control system comprising an variable attenuator 3 for attenuating a feedback signal, a conversion circuitry (square-law detector 2) for generating an output signal (voltage signal) wherein said conversion circuitry generates said output signal with a level proportional to the square of the effective value of said attenuated signal, and an error detection amplifier 4 for comparing said output signal with a reference level (figure 1, Abstract, paragraph 9, the square-law detector 2 outputs a voltage signal which is proportional to the square of

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the magnitude of said attenuated signal), a comparator (figure 1, comparator 4) for forming a difference signal between said output signal and said reference signal (figure 1, reference signal output of feature 8); and means for directly controlling (control signal output of comparator 4) the amplitude level of the amplified signal using the difference signal (control signal output of comparator 4).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the selection technique taught by Kiyohiro into the art of Raynaud et al. as to replace the diode detector 15 with the square-law detector 2 as for enabling the power control mechanism to quickly and effectively adjust the output power to a desired level and the power control mechanism for simplicity.

Consider **claim 2**, **as applied to claim 1**, Raynaud et al. as modified by Kiyohiro disclose said attenuation means (*figure 1*, *means 12*) comprise a network of resistances defined by a set of pi.-structures connected in series, each node of the pi.-structures being connected to a switch for defining said programmable attenuation factor (*figure 1*, attenuators 13n, column 2, lines 4-7, column 3 lines 30-32, 38-48, 60-64, digital attenuators 13n are controlled digitally (switched on or off), achieving same dynamic attenuation results).

Consider claim 3, as applied to claim 2, Raynaud et al. as modified by Kiyohiro disclose the switches are intended to be activated by a command word delivered by a digital bus (figure 1, control means 17) (figure 1, attenuators 13n, column 2, lines 4-7,

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column 3 lines 30-32, 38-48, 60-64, digital attenuators 13n are controlled digitally (switched on or off)).

Consider claim 5 as applied to claim 1, Raynaud et al. as modified by Kiyohiro disclose an integrated circuit comprising the regulating system (Raynaud et al., the integrated circuit of figure 1).

Consider claim 6 as applied to claim 1, Raynaud et al. as modified by Kiyohiro disclose a tuner comprising the regulating system (Raynaud et al., the gain tuner of figure 1).

5. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raynaud et al. (US Patent 5430410) as modified by Kiyohiro (JP 06232665) in view of Kovacs et al. (US Patent 5422601).

Consider **claim 4** as applied to claim 1, Raynaud et al. as modified by Kiyohiro fail to disclose a voltage comparator including an adjustable voltage/current converter, for generating an output current signal I.sub.AGC being proportional to the difference between said output signal and said reference level.

In the same field of endeavor, Kovacs et al. clearly disclose a voltage comparator (figure 2, level comparator 42, column 3 lines 47-66) including an adjustable voltage/current converter (figure 2, Voltage to Current Converter 44, Gain Switch Input Circuit 54), for generating an output current signal I.sub.AGC (figure 2, gain control input of VGA 12) being proportional to the difference between said output signal (figure 2, output of 40) and said reference level (figure 2, output of 52).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the selection technique taught by Kovacs et al. into the art of Raynaud et al. as modified by Kiyohiro as to include an adjustable voltage to current converter for providing dynamic control over signal amplification.

Conclusion

Any response to this Office Action should be faxed to (571) 273-8300 or mailed

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Hand-delivered responses should be brought to

Customer Service Window Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to RuiMeng Hu whose telephone number is 571-270-1105. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday, 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m., EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Urban can be reached on 571-272-7899. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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RuiMeng Hu R.H./rh November 9, 2007

> EDWARD F. URBAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600